

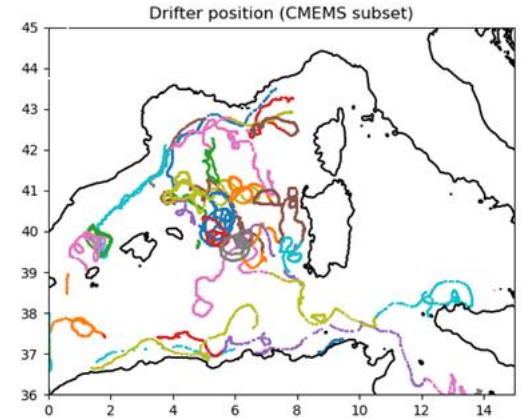
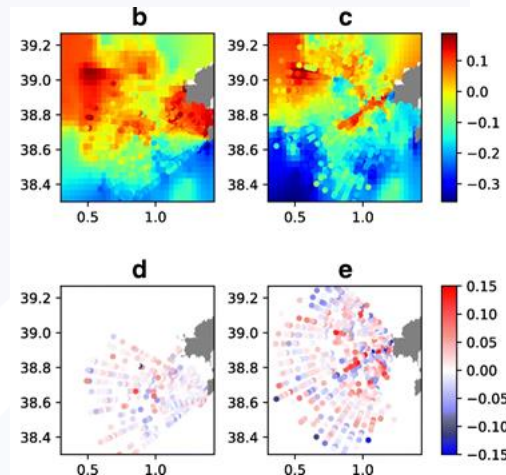
BlueCloud VLab: Coastal currents from observations

Partners involved: GHER-Liège, CMCC, SOCIB

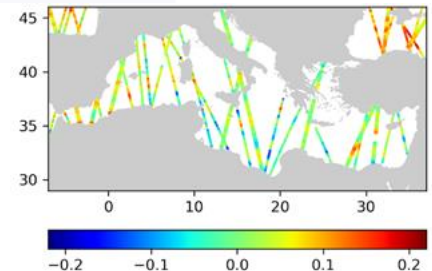


- Integrate direct and indirect current measurements from different data sources
- A new service to generate integrated ocean surface current maps from
 - High Frequency (HF) radar
 - Drifter data
 - Geostrophic currents from altimetry data
- Sea surface height related to surface geostrophic currents

High Frequency radars



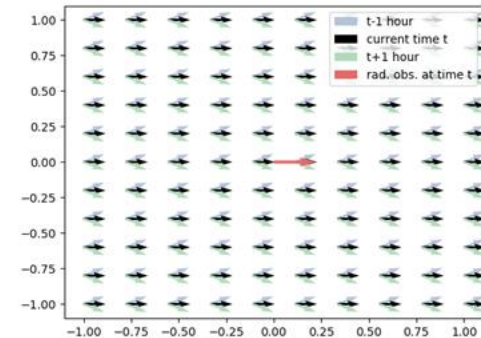
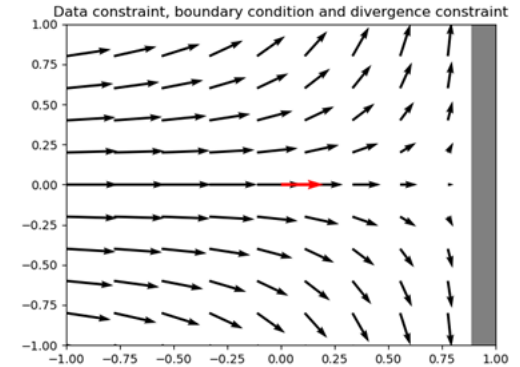
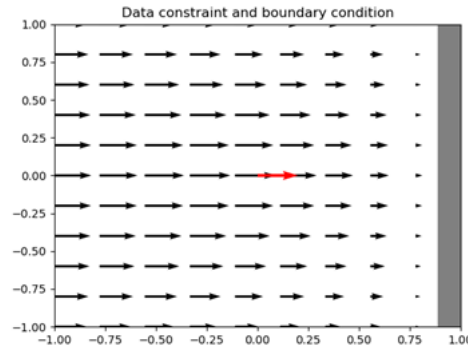
Altimetry (2017-06-07)



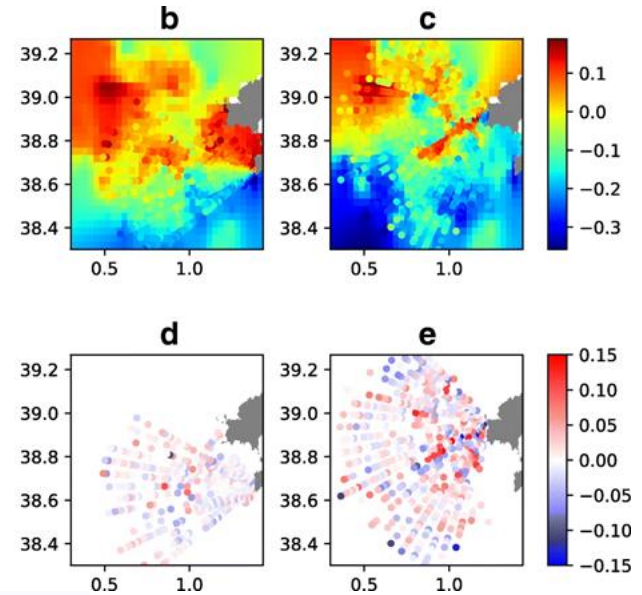
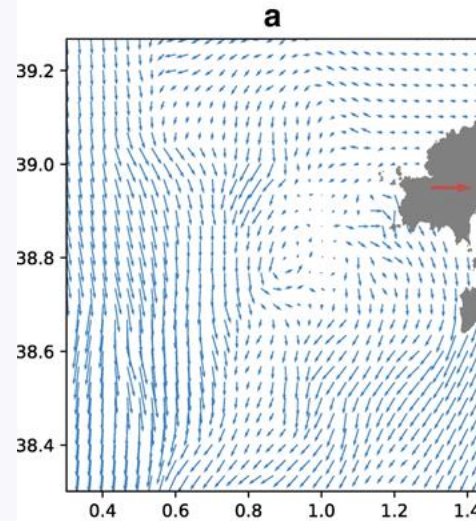
- Different data sources will have a **different accuracy** which will be taken into account.
- The demonstrator will provide an easy way to use the analysis techniques without installation and with a set of data sources already preconfigured.
- The main output of this demonstrator is a service in the form of **easily customizable Jupyter notebooks** that allow a user to generate surface currents maps for a user-chosen region.
- Following FAIR best practices, an emphasis will be given on a **full reproducible workflow**
 - version number of the used software
 - also of the complete dependency tree of software
- Providing ways to easily replicate the exact environment and documenting in a machine-readable format the provenance of the input data.
- The service will generate netCDF files (following the current **CF conventions**) which has been an **OGC standard** since 2011.

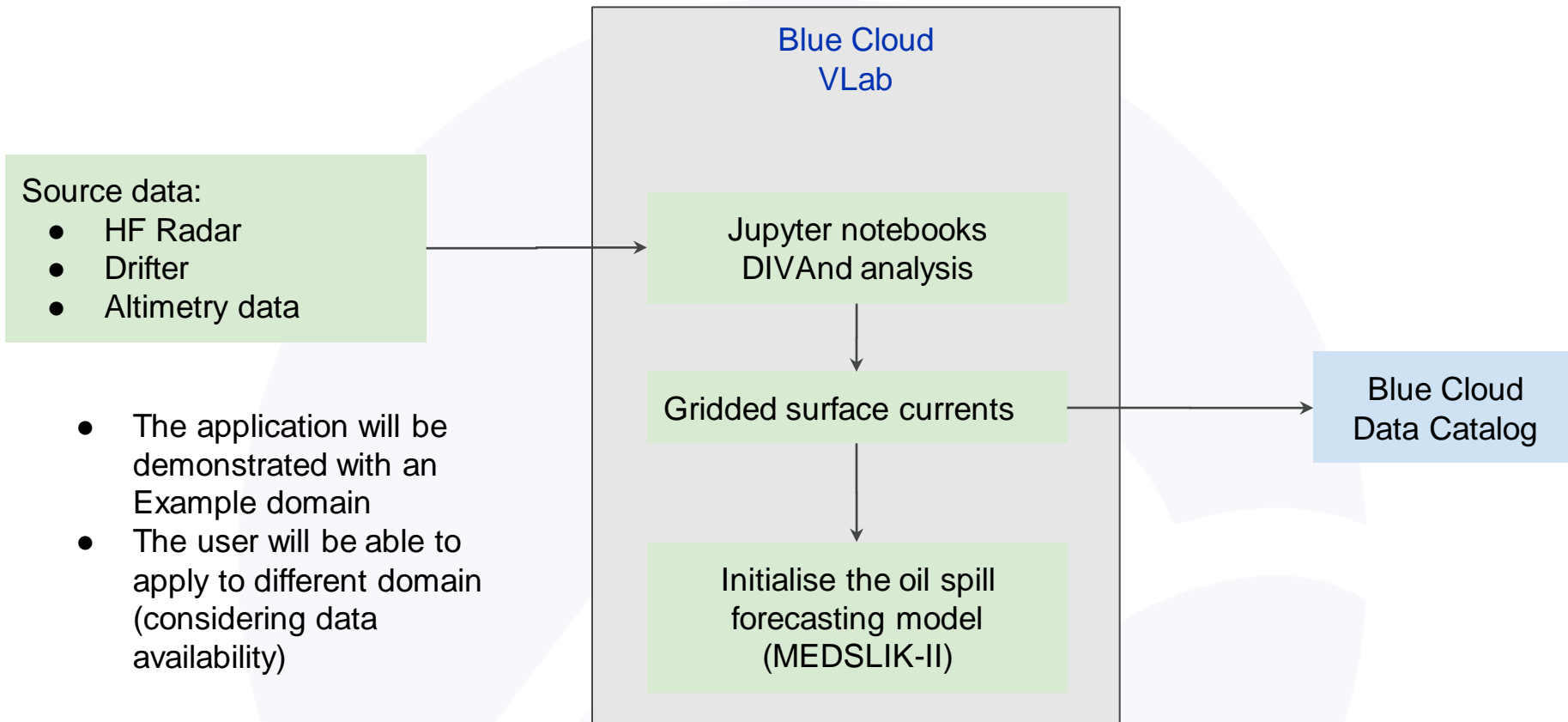
- Based on DIVAnd (data interpolating variational analysis in n dimensions) for HF radar
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10236-020-01432-x>
- Several constraints will be taken into account:
 - Presence of the coastline
 - Horizontal divergence
 - Temporal coherence
 - Momentum balance
- Code open source (GPL) implemented in Julia

https://github.com/gher-uliege/DIVAnd_HFRadar.jl

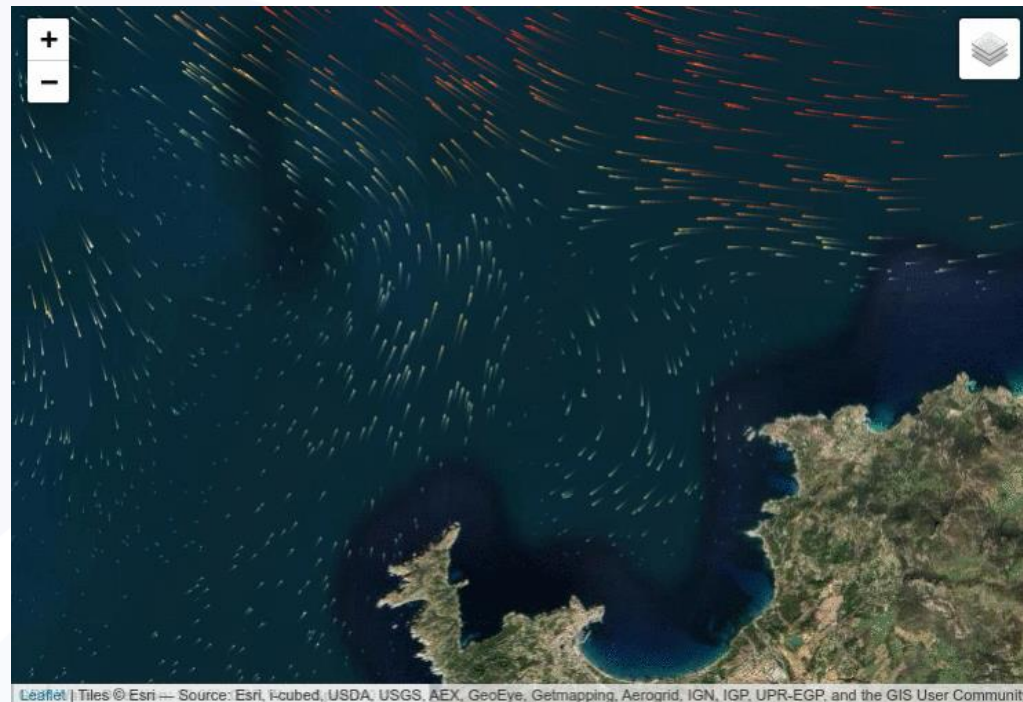


- Previous experiments using only HF radar data
- HF radar measurements data from SOCIB (Spain)
- Validated with drifter data
- Results compared favourably to other techniques like OMA (Open-Boundary Modal Analysis)





- Also Lagrangian simulations based on these currents maps to the movements of artificial drifters at a user-chosen location (assuming suitable data coverage).
- Visualisation using leaflet-velocity giving a broad range of interested users an intuitive understanding of the ocean circulation.
- Visualization will be part of the jupyter notebook





Lagrangian
model



Predicts spill transport
(due to waves, wind drag and
3D current fields + turbulent
fluctuations)



And oil
weathering
(evaporation,
emulsification, dispersion
in water column,
adhesion to coast)



No matter whether if is a
point source spill or an
“aged” satellite-derived spill



open
source



free of
charge



Download from
<http://medslik-ii.org/>



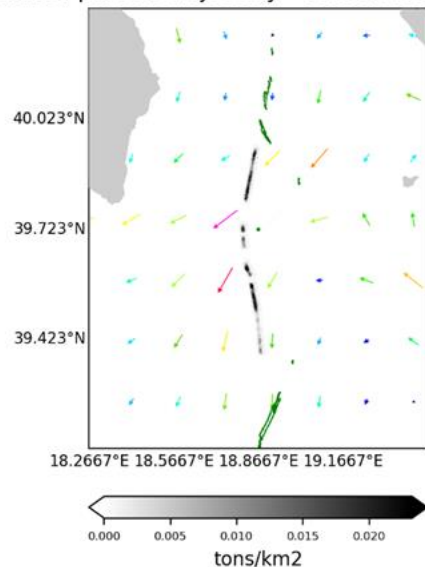
Go for
Di Domenicis et al., (2013)

MERCAT + ECMWF (1% wind drift)

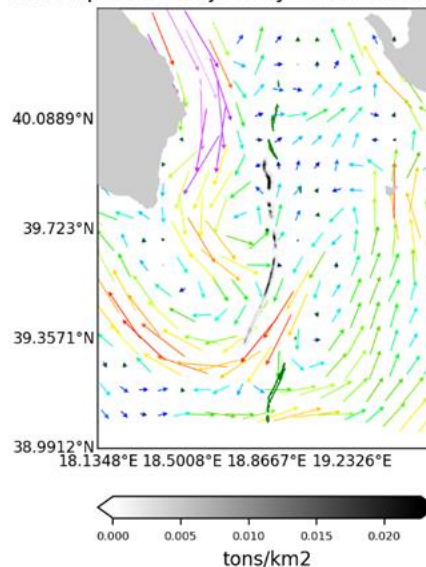
MFS + ECMWF (1% wind drift)

SANIFS + ECMWF (1% wind drift)

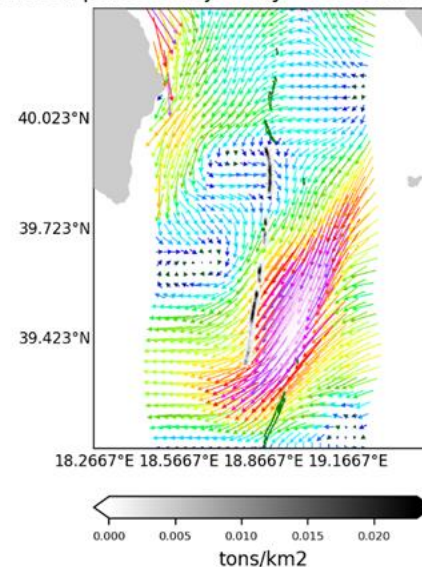
Simulated parcels trajectory - 09.08.2020 17:00 UTC



Simulated parcels trajectory - 09.08.2020 17:00 UTC



Simulated parcels trajectory - 09.08.2020 17:00 UTC



Gray-scaled points represent oil spill parcels. Green-filled spill corresponds to satellite detection at 16:39 UTC.

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